



S1501

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Note: This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Marion County, Florida		
	Total	Male	Female
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Population 18 to 24 years	24,335	12,444	11,891
Less than high school graduate	23.5%	26.9%	19.9%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	39.2%	41.4%	36.9%
Some college or associate's degree	34.3%	29.2%	39.8%
Bachelor's degree or higher	3.0%	2.5%	3.4%
Population 25 years and over	246,795	115,632	131,163
Less than 9th grade	4.5%	5.1%	4.0%
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	10.2%	10.9%	9.6%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	36.5%	36.4%	36.6%
Some college, no degree	22.5%	21.5%	23.4%
Associate's degree	9.1%	7.3%	10.6%
Bachelor's degree	11.2%	11.9%	10.6%
Graduate or professional degree	6.0%	6.8%	5.2%
Percent high school graduate or higher	85.3%	84.0%	86.5%
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	17.2%	18.8%	15.9%
Population 25 to 34 years	33,220	16,045	17,175
High school graduate or higher	83.8%	82.7%	84.9%
Bachelor's degree or higher	13.2%	10.9%	15.3%
Population 35 to 44 years	34,457	16,523	17,934
High school graduate or higher	86.6%	84.4%	88.6%
Bachelor's degree or higher	15.8%	13.1%	18.3%
Population 45 to 64 years	89,331	41,393	47,938
High school graduate or higher	86.9%	85.1%	88.4%
Bachelor's degree or higher	18.4%	19.2%	17.7%
Population 65 years and over	89,787	41,671	48,116
High school graduate or higher	83.8%	83.2%	84.3%
Bachelor's degree or higher	18.1%	23.6%	13.3%

Subject	Marion County, Florida		
	Total	Male	Female
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			
Less than high school graduate	27.0%	23.4%	30.8%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	15.3%	13.3%	17.2%
Some college or associate's degree	12.2%	10.2%	13.6%
Bachelor's degree or higher	6.0%	5.4%	6.6%
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2014 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)			
Population 25 years and over with earnings	26,683	30,644	23,869
Less than high school graduate	18,021	20,059	15,514
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	23,723	27,124	20,566
Some college or associate's degree	26,741	31,648	23,754
Bachelor's degree	38,981	44,503	36,805
Graduate or professional degree	53,349	61,455	48,804
PERCENT IMPUTED			
Educational attainment	7.3%	(X)	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2010-2014 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010-2014 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.