



S1501

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

2009-2013 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Note: This is a modified view of the original table.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Subject	Marion County, Florida		
	Total	Male	Female
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
Population 18 to 24 years	24,203	12,309	11,894
Less than high school graduate	23.6%	27.4%	19.7%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	38.8%	40.7%	36.8%
Some college or associate's degree	34.7%	29.6%	40.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher	2.9%	2.3%	3.5%
Population 25 years and over	245,434	114,957	130,477
Less than 9th grade	4.6%	5.4%	3.9%
9th to 12th grade, no diploma	10.4%	11.1%	9.8%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	36.4%	36.1%	36.6%
Some college, no degree	22.4%	21.5%	23.2%
Associate's degree	8.8%	7.2%	10.3%
Bachelor's degree	11.3%	11.8%	10.9%
Graduate or professional degree	6.1%	6.9%	5.3%
Percent high school graduate or higher	85.0%	83.5%	86.3%
Percent bachelor's degree or higher	17.4%	18.7%	16.2%
Population 25 to 34 years	32,531	15,712	16,819
High school graduate or higher	82.8%	81.4%	84.0%
Bachelor's degree or higher	13.5%	10.5%	16.3%
Population 35 to 44 years	35,233	16,871	18,362
High school graduate or higher	85.6%	84.3%	86.8%
Bachelor's degree or higher	15.9%	13.5%	18.1%
Population 45 to 64 years	89,937	41,549	48,388
High school graduate or higher	86.9%	84.6%	88.9%
Bachelor's degree or higher	19.1%	19.9%	18.3%
Population 65 years and over	87,733	40,825	46,908
High school graduate or higher	83.6%	82.9%	84.2%
Bachelor's degree or higher	17.6%	22.7%	13.2%

Subject	Marion County, Florida		
	Total	Male	Female
	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
POVERTY RATE FOR THE POPULATION 25 YEARS AND OVER FOR WHOM POVERTY STATUS IS DETERMINED BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT			
Less than high school graduate	26.5%	23.3%	30.0%
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	15.1%	13.0%	17.0%
Some college or associate's degree	12.1%	10.0%	13.6%
Bachelor's degree or higher	5.9%	5.3%	6.5%
MEDIAN EARNINGS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS (IN 2013 INFLATION-ADJUSTED DOLLARS)			
Population 25 years and over with earnings	26,518	30,519	23,649
Less than high school graduate	17,559	19,305	15,853
High school graduate (includes equivalency)	23,938	28,033	20,687
Some college or associate's degree	26,279	31,363	23,005
Bachelor's degree	38,928	42,406	37,737
Graduate or professional degree	56,709	63,948	51,530
PERCENT IMPUTED			
Educational attainment	6.4%	(X)	(X)

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

While the 2009-2013 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the February 2013 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2009-2013 5-Year American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '***' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.
2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.
4. An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.
5. An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.
6. An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.
7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.
8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.